

$$(83) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & (-1)^m a^{2m} \left[ \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\pi b}{a}} - e^{-\frac{\pi b}{a}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2m+1}}{e^{\frac{2\pi b}{a}} - e^{-\frac{2\pi b}{a}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{2m+1}}{e^{\frac{3\pi b}{a}} - e^{-\frac{3\pi b}{a}}} - \dots \right] \\ & = b^{2m} \left[ \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{\pi a}{b}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2m+1}}{e^{\frac{2\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{2\pi a}{b}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{2m+1}}{e^{\frac{3\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{3\pi a}{b}}} - \dots \right] \\ & \quad - \frac{1}{2} \pi^{2m+1} \mathfrak{L} \frac{1}{(e^{az} - e^{-az}) \sin bz} \frac{1}{(z^{2m+1})}, \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$(84) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & (-1)^{m+1} a^{2m} \left[ \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\pi b}{2a}} + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{2a}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{2m+1}}{e^{\frac{3\pi b}{2a}} + e^{-\frac{3\pi b}{2a}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{2m+1}}{e^{\frac{5\pi b}{2a}} + e^{-\frac{5\pi b}{2a}}} - \dots \right] \\ & = b^{2m} \left[ \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\pi a}{2b}} + e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{2m+1}}{e^{\frac{3\pi a}{2b}} + e^{-\frac{3\pi a}{2b}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{2m+1}}{e^{\frac{5\pi a}{2b}} + e^{-\frac{5\pi a}{2b}}} - \dots \right] \\ & \quad - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{2m+1} \mathfrak{L} \frac{1}{(e^{az} + e^{-az}) \cos bz} \frac{1}{(z^{2m+1})}. \end{aligned} \right.$$

Il est bon d'observer que les équations (79), (80) deviennent inexactes dans le cas où l'on suppose  $m = 0$ , et doivent alors être remplacées par la formule (66) et la suivante :

$$(85) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{a^2} \left( \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\pi b}{a}} - e^{-\frac{\pi b}{a}}} - \frac{2}{e^{\frac{2\pi b}{a}} - e^{-\frac{2\pi b}{a}}} + \frac{3}{e^{\frac{3\pi b}{a}} - e^{-\frac{3\pi b}{a}}} - \dots \right) \\ & = \frac{1}{b^2} \left( \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{\pi a}{b}}} - \frac{2}{e^{\frac{2\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{2\pi a}{b}}} + \frac{3}{e^{\frac{3\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{3\pi a}{b}}} - \dots \right) - \frac{1}{4\pi ab}. \end{aligned} \right.$$

Lorsque, dans les formules (82), (83), (84), on pose successivement  $m = 0, m = 1, m = 2, \dots$ , on en tire : 1° la formule (66); 2° celles qui suivent :

$$(86) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi b}{24 a} + \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\pi b}{a}} - e^{-\frac{\pi b}{a}}} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{e^{\frac{2\pi b}{a}} - e^{-\frac{2\pi b}{a}}} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{e^{\frac{3\pi b}{a}} - e^{-\frac{3\pi b}{a}}} - \dots \\ & = \frac{\pi a}{24 b} + \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{\pi a}{b}}} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{e^{\frac{2\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{2\pi a}{b}}} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{e^{\frac{3\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{3\pi a}{b}}} - \dots \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$(87) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi b}{e^{2a} + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{2a}}} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\pi b}{e^{2a} + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{2a}}} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{\pi b}{e^{2a} + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{2a}}} - \dots \\ & = \frac{\pi}{8} - \frac{\pi a}{e^{2b} + e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\pi a}{e^{2b} + e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{\pi a}{e^{2b} + e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} + \dots, \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$(88) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & a \left( \frac{\pi b}{e^a + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{a}}} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\pi b}{e^a + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{a}}} + \frac{1}{9} \frac{\pi b}{e^a + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{a}}} - \dots \right) \\ & = 4b \left( \frac{\pi a}{e^{2b} - e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} - \frac{1}{9} \frac{\pi a}{e^{2b} - e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} + \frac{1}{25} \frac{\pi a}{e^{2b} - e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} - \dots \right) \\ & \quad + \frac{\pi^2}{24} \frac{a^2 - 3b^2}{a}, \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$(89) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & -a^2 \left( \frac{\pi b}{e^a - e^{-\frac{\pi b}{a}}} - \frac{1}{8} \frac{\pi b}{e^a - e^{-\frac{\pi b}{a}}} + \frac{1}{27} \frac{\pi b}{e^a - e^{-\frac{\pi b}{a}}} - \dots \right) \\ & = b^2 \left( \frac{\pi a}{e^b - e^{-\frac{\pi a}{b}}} - \frac{1}{8} \frac{\pi a}{e^b - e^{-\frac{\pi a}{b}}} + \frac{1}{27} \frac{\pi a}{e^b - e^{-\frac{\pi a}{b}}} - \dots \right) \\ & \quad - \frac{\pi^3}{1440} \frac{7(a^4 + b^4) - 10a^2b^2}{ab}, \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$(90) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & a^2 \left( \frac{\pi b}{e^{2a} + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{2a}}} - \frac{1}{27} \frac{\pi b}{e^{2a} + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{2a}}} + \frac{1}{125} \frac{\pi b}{e^{2a} + e^{-\frac{\pi b}{2a}}} - \dots \right) \\ & = b^2 \left( \frac{\pi a}{e^{2b} + e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} - \frac{1}{27} \frac{\pi a}{e^{2b} + e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} + \frac{1}{125} \frac{\pi a}{e^{2b} + e^{-\frac{\pi a}{2b}}} - \dots \right) \\ & \quad + \frac{\pi^3}{64} (a^2 - b^2), \end{aligned} \right.$$

Lorsque, dans ces dernières formules, on pose  $b = 0$ , on retrouve les équations connues

$$(91) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & 1 - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{12}, \\ & 1 - \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} - \frac{1}{4^4} + \dots = \frac{7\pi^4}{720}, \\ & \dots \end{aligned} \right.$$