

# MOCK EXAM FOR NUMERICAL PROGRAMMING I

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## 1. BASICS: MATLAB ROUTINES

Please provide short explaining sentences in the style of MATLAB's help for the following built-in routines:

- (1) `eps`
- (2) `fft(x)`
- (3) `trapz(y)`
- (4) `randn`
- (5) `qr(A)` %A is a real mxn matrix

## 2. BASICS: NUMERICAL TOOLS

What is ...? Please provide one to two explaining sentences for each topic.

- (1) cubic spline
- (2) Gaussian quadrature
- (3) condition number of an invertible matrix

## 3. UNDERSTANDING

Please say yes or no, and provide one short explanation for your judgement.

- (1) Gradual underflow occurs as soon as we work below machine precision.
- (2) Algebraic interpolation on  $n = 100$  equidistant nodes is highly accurate.
- (3) The summed trapezoidal rule has some connection to spline interpolation.
- (4) Back substitution for a  $n \times n$  system requires  $O(n^3)$  flops.
- (5) The conjugate gradient method requires to solve a triangular system at each iteration step.

## 4. NUMERICAL PROGRAMS: READING

What do the following numerical programs compute?

- (1) `n = 100; x = 1+randn(n,1); q = sum(x)/n;`
- (2) `for i=1:n, x(i) = b(i)/L(i,i);  
b(i+1:n) = b(i+1:n) - x(i)*L(i+1:n,i); end`
- (3) `a = A(:,1); v = a/norm(a) + sign(a(1))*eye(n,1);  
H = eye(n) - 2*v*v'/norm(v)^2; B = H*A;`
- (4) `x = (A'*A)\(A'*b);`
- (5) `D = diag(diag(A)); L = -tril(A,-1); U = triu(A,1);  
for k=1:m, x = D\b + D\((L*U)*x); end`

## 5. NUMERICAL PROGRAMS: WRITING

- (1) Please provide the  $(k + 1)$ st step of a Newton iteration.
- (2) Please write a MATLAB program performing  $n$  Newton iterations, starting in  $x_0 = 2$  for searching a zero of  $f(x) = \sin(x)$ .
- (3) Please explain shortly how to use the QR decomposition for solving least squares problems.
- (4) Please write a MATLAB program solving a least squares problem via the QR decomposition.